

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI—NO. 290.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. It is neglected, it tends to impair nutrition, and deranges the tone of the system, to prepare the way for rapid decline.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT. **THE BEST TONIC**

Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia in all its forms. Heartburn, Belching, Flatus, Indigestion, etc. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite and aids the assimilation of food. Rev. T. ROBERTSON, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and I took great pleasure in recommending it. It is a most excellent tonic and a most reliable remedy for all the ailments of the stomach and bowels."—*See advertisement in this issue.*

T. H. N. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitrous oxide, or laughing gas used for the painless extraction of teeth. Office on Court Street.

G. M. WILLIAMS,

Dentist.

Office: Third street, west of Market, next door to Dr. James Shackelford's.

CANNARD'S DEVILS

JOHN CRANE,

—House, Sign and—

Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limestone streets.

ALLAN D. COLE,

LAWYER,

will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Mayville, Ky.

HENRY MORGAN,

No. 7 Market Street,

RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign and Domestic goods from the largest wholesale houses of New York. Suits made to order on more reasonable terms than any other house in the city, and fit guaranteed.

G. W. BULGER,

(Court Street, Mayville, Ky.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given to collection of claims and accounts. Also to Fire Insurance, and the buying, selling and renting of houses, lots and lands, and the writing of deeds, mortgages, contracts, etc. nelly

WALL & WORTHINGTON,

{ GARRETT S. WALL,
{ E. L. WORTHINGTON

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Will practice in all courts in Mason and adjoining counties and in the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. All collections given prompt attention. nov14d4w

LAW CARD.

J. H. SALLER, Commonwealth's Atty.

C. L. SALLER, Notary Public.

SALLER & SALLER,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law, will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agents. All letters answered promptly. Office: No. 12 Court street, Mayville, Ky.

S. J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS.

Headstones, &c. The largest stock of the latest designs. The best material and work ever offered in this section of the state, at reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite or Marble are invited to call and see for themselves. Second street, Mayville.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 3 Second street.

NORTHEASTERN

KENTUCKY TELEPHONE COMPANY

Has connection with the following places:

Mayville, Helena, Mt. Olivet, Mayfield, Bardonia.

Office in Mayville—W. W. Holton's Dry Goods Store, No. 5 East Second street.

JOB PRINTING of every description neatly executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

A THREATENING LETTER.

THE LATEST SENSATION CONNECTED WITH THE ANARCHISTS.

President Cleveland to Be Held Personally Responsible By the Social Democratic Federation of Holland in Case the Seven Condemned Men Are Hung.

New York, Oct. 31.—At the Freiheit office the following copy of a communication on the Anarchist case to President Cleveland at Washington, was received to-day from Holland:

"HAGG, Holland, Oct. 15. 'To the President of the United States: 'The council general of the Social Democratic Federation in Holland, feeling indignant at the infamous judgment of the Illinois supreme court in the case of the Anarchists at Chicago, we hold that the throwing of a bomb in the meeting held May 4, 1884, was provoked by an outrageous assault of the police upon the people's right of free speech.

"Furthermore, as the thrower of the bomb is not known, the charging of the seven Anarchists with the guilt of this act is essentially arbitrary and the outgrowth of class hatred. Therefore the Social Democratic Federation of Holland, in the name of humanity, liberty and justice, protests against the sentence of death passed upon the Chicago Anarchists, and despising the ruling classes for making themselves a party to this murder, we shall hold the president of the United States personally responsible if their lives are taken.

"THE COUNCIL GENERAL."

Jay Gould's Life Threatened.

New York, Oct. 31.—The Telegraph to-day has a short interview with Mr. Gould in which that gentleman is quoted as saying that he will sail for Europe by the Umbria, if he can possibly get his business in shape. The same paper says that a curious story is going the rounds to the effect that Mr. Gould is particularly anxious to leave the country at this time and to be abroad especially on the 11th of November, the date upon which the condemned Anarchists are to be hanged in Chicago. There is no longer any doubt that the execution will take place. For this the Anarchists are said to hold Mr. Gould chiefly responsible. They have fixed upon him as the man who, by a bold and liberal use of his enormous money power, could stay the hand of justice and prevent what they looked upon as the slaughter of martyrs.

Absurd as this notion is they have not hesitated to act upon it boldly. At first Gould was approached in a neutral rather than a threatening manner. The reliance of the Anarchist brotherhood upon his great power and upon his exorbitant fee in their behalf was set forth in mysterious communications which he received some times by mail and sometimes by the hands of furtive messengers in the street. As the time passed on and the case of the condemned Anarchists became more desperate, the anonymous messages became sharper in tone and of a distinctly threatening character. After this change of attitude the mails alone were used for their transmission, none of the really minatory letters being delivered in person.

Latterly the warnings have been of so decided a character and so explicit in their terms that Gould, who is naturally a man of timid disposition, became thoroughly frightened and began a somewhat hasty preparation for a long continued pleasure trip to Europe. His departure is believed to be chiefly due to an entire and natural willingness to pass the day of the Anarchist executions somewhere remote from the reach of any possibility of their insane misdoings.

Spies Chilly Toward Nina.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—Spies is getting more cranky every day, and hardly notices his Nina when she comes to see him, laden with good things for his stomach, and the question is beginning to be asked as to whether or not the fear of approaching death has affected his brain. Spies now wears a continual frown on his face, talks little and has not been seen to smile for some time. When his proxy wife comes to see him he treats her with indifference, and, while never effusive, at times shows the most marked coldness toward the woman who would willingly die to save his neck from the noose. Spies has never been credited with physical courage. He always thought too much of his personal beauty for that, and it is now openly said in some quarters that the fear of death will drive him crazy. The other prisoners are quiet and self-possessed, but otherwise there is no change from their ordinary demeanor. At the jail to-day there was an unusual number of visitors. The condemned do not expect a decision by the supreme court until next week. George Schelling went to see the Anarchists yesterday, and said after his talk with them that they had received an encouraging message from their attorneys at Washington.

Fighting at a Colored Camp Meeting.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 31.—The negroes of Hampton county have been holding camp meeting near Brighton. Religious exercises have been going on all week, and the greatest excitement prevailed. Thursday night a barrel of whisky was brought to the ground, and drinking became general. When the preaching began the drunken men in the congregation wanted to talk as much as the preacher in the pulpit. The meeting was soon turned into a scene of confusion. When the preacher attempted to enforce order a free fight ensued, in which pistols, razors and pine poles were used. Blood flowed in streams, and as the lights were turned out friends could not be distinguished from foes. When order was finally restored it was found that Jacob Jackson, one of the siders, was killed by a pistol shot in the head, and six others were so badly cut and injured that they will die. The meeting adjourned without ceremony.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 31.—A fire broke out at the California Central Railroad freight depot last evening, in an oil car on the track near the depot. In a few minutes the whole freight depot, over six hundred feet long, was in flames. The building was consumed with all its contents. About twenty freight cars, loaded, were burned, and four Pullman's and several passenger coaches were partly burned. Loss about \$200,000; insurance unknown.

BURNED TO DEATH.

The Mysterious Manner in Which a Cincinnati Lady Lost Her Life.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Caroline Huber, living at 204 York street, was burned to death at noon. About 1 p. m. Mrs. Huber told her two children, aged eleven and five, to go and play while she baked some bread. They accordingly went out on the street, while the mother built a large fire in the stove, put her head in the pans and put it in the oven.

One of the children a few minutes afterwards came running upstairs and found the door closed and smoke creeping out from the sides. He ran down stairs and told a painter named Dan Snider that something was wrong. The latter rushed upstairs and burst open the door when a terrible spectacle met his sight. The corpse of Mrs. Huber lay on the floor, while the flames enveloped it on every side. He seized a bucket and began throwing water on the floor, finally extinguishing the fire.

How she lost her life can only be guessed at, but the most plausible theory is that Mrs. Huber became drowsy, and sat down in front of the stove in a chair, and was soon fast asleep, and the coals from the stove fell upon a portion of her dress which caught fire, and the flames soon enveloped her form.

Mrs. Huber was thirty-two years old, and her husband is an employee of the Hall Safe and Lock company. He was at work at the factory when the terrible tragedy happened.

An Editor Shot and Killed.

ASHLAND, O., Oct. 31.—W. H. Reynolds, editor of the Times, was shot and killed this morning in Orange township, this Ashland county, by James Mason, brother of C. D. Mason, of Ashland, who is plaintiff in a libel suit instituted against Reynolds. The alleged libel was the publication of a statement concerning the loaning of \$50 to an Ashland county farmer named Lutz by C. D. Mason, and an undue severity of process adopted by Mason to enforce the collection of a note. Following the institution of the suit Reynolds published an article caustically criticizing C. D. Mason and his brother James. This morning Reynolds was in Orange township collecting evidence against the plaintiff in the libel case when James Mason met him, a short altercation occurred and Mason shot him twice, killing him almost instantly. Mason is under arrest.

Murdered Man Identified.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 31.—The murdered man found in a freight car in Chicago is believed to be Barney Haran, a glass packer of West Bridgewater, Pa. The description sent out tallies exactly with that of Haran, who left his home on Sunday evening last and has not been seen since. The theory of the detectives is that he came to this city and, after spending all his money started for his home on a freight train. Meeting with a quarrel ensued and he was killed. A man named Thompson is proprietor of the saloon at 139 Water street, mention of which is made in the Chicago dispatch. Thompson says he keeps no boarders and does not know the woman Effie Johnston, whose card was found on the body of the murdered man.

Walking to His Grave.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 31.—John Owen Snyder, the farmer who lives near Hartford City, Blackford county, and who has been afflicted for nearly three years with the strange malady that causes him to walk incessantly day and night, is nearing his end. He has appeared in museums and elsewhere, but is now at home. Snyder has aged wonderfully in the past six months and cannot possibly last much longer.

A Sensational Elopement.

SEYMOUR, Ind., Oct. 31.—Salt Creek township, twelve miles north of here, is in a terrible state of commotion over a recent elopement. Mrs. Ada Callahan, wife of Dennis Callahan and mother of his four children, has disappeared with William Scott, who also leaves four children, and is known to the neighborhood by the title of "Black Bill." They took with them two teams.

Unsettled Mind.

BROOKTON, Mass., Oct. 31.—Henry Lincoln, the largest clothing dealer in town, and for three years Brookton's representative in the legislature, left his elegant residence at 7 o'clock last evening for his store. Not returning at a late hour search was made and he was found at 4 o'clock this morning in Old Fellows hall, dead from a bullet wound in his head. Unsettled mind was the cause of the suicide.

A Serious Charge.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The Tribune's San Francisco special says that United States Commissioner Johnston, nephew of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, has been accused of resorting to illegal methods in increasing his fees, and of collusion with the Alaska Commercial company's officials, and that various affidavits to this effect have been forwarded to Washington.

Tried to Commit Murder.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 31.—John Corrigan, a carter, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having attempted to murder his stepson, Arthur Clayton, a boy of fourteen years of age, by throwing him into the bay. He was rescued by some men in the vicinity and the warrant was issued at the request of the mother.

Detectives With Chamberlain.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 31.—The mail this morning has this special cable: "Mr. Chamberlain, who left to-day by the Etruria was accompanied by two English detectives who at New York are to be joined by two American detectives familiar with all permanent agents of the Clan-na-Gael."

Funeral of a Colored Minister.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 31.—The funeral of the colored minister, Rev. C. H. Pearce, took place yesterday from the A. M. E. church. Bishop Pearce, as he was generally known, at one time wielded perhaps more political influence than any other man in the southern states.

Davis at the Fair Grounds.

MAISON, Ga., Oct. 31.—Mr. Jefferson Davis and family appeared at noon on the fair grounds Friday. An informal reception was held, many thousands of people shaking the hands of the distinguished guests. Mr. Davis will return home next Wednesday.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENT ISSUED BY THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Land Commissioner Sparks Writes a Letter of Interest to Purchasers of Railroad Indemnity—Secretary Whitney Disqualified for Work—Notes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—In the light of the tremendous agitation in Dakota over the conflicting claims of squatters and purchasers of railroad indemnity land, the following letter from Land Commissioner Sparks is of special importance. It puts the department on record as recognizing the rights of purchasers:

GENERAL LAND OFFICE, }
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 15, 1887.
"E. O. Ulmer, G. O. D. K.:

"In receipt of your letter of the 15th inst., asking if a person holds a railroad deed on some of this land can hold said land with safety—meaning railroad indemnity land.

"In answer, I have to advise you that an actual settler on restored lands, who holds a deed from the railroad company, can secure title from the government under the pre-emption or homestead laws, provided he has not exhausted his privileges thereunder. The fifth section of the act of March 3, 1883, (Statutes 559) provides that when lands within the limits of railroad grants coterminous with the constructed portions of the lines of roads, account of the grants, but were excepted from the operations of the same, and which have been sold by the railroad company to citizens or to persons who have declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States, such lands at the date of purchase from the railroad company not being in the bona fide occupation of adverse claimants under the pre-emption or homestead laws of the United States, and where claims and occupation have not been voluntarily abandoned, and where such lands are not of the class described as settled upon subsequent to the first day of December, 1882, by persons claiming to enter the same under the settlement laws of the United States, then both bona fide purchasers from the railroad company, if qualified as to citizenship, their heirs or assigns may make payment to the United States for such lands at the ordinary government price for lands and receive patents therefor. Very respectfully,
"WILLIAM A. J. SPARKS, Commissioner."

Secretary Whitney Ill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The fact is made public at the navy department to-day that Secretary Whitney has for two weeks been unable even to open a private letter, and that he is temporarily entirely disqualified for work by severe and constant headaches aggravated by any mental application. It is stated that Secretary Whitney, although not suffering from any disease, is forbidden by his physician from undertaking any work for a time. For the past year the secretary has had troublesome headaches, which have grown more and more severe and frequent, until now he is unable to work. For the past two weeks he has not been able even to read his letters, and although he had accumulated some of the materials, he has written no word of his annual report, and there is no prospect that he will be able to prepare one. The secretary has no disease. The trouble is only with his head. The physician states that with the necessary rest the secretary will be perfectly well again. How long a rest will be required will appear after a little time.

It is Mr. Whitney's purpose to go from New York, where he now is, to Lenox, or some other place where he can find quiet, rest and a prospect of recuperation. In the meantime the bureau chiefs of the navy department have been organized as a board to co-operate with Acting Secretary Harney, in the management of the department. It is conceded that weeks and possibly months may be required for the secretary's recovery, but it is positively stated that he will not retire from the cabinet.

Navy Yard Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The annual report of Commodore Harmony, chief of the naval bureau of yards and docks, asks for an appropriation of \$1,770,000 for the maintenance of navy yards throughout the United States during the next fiscal year. He recommends that the water fronts of the navy yards at Norfolk, Va., and Mare Island, Cal., be increased and that a new naval dry dock be constructed at the Pensacola, Fla., navy yard, Commodore Harmony says the appropriations for the past year were entirely insufficient to prevent the decay of government property.

Troops Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The secretary of war has received reports of the conflict between the military and civil authorities, as to the eviction of settlers from the Round Valley Indian reservation in California, and has directed Gen. Howard to withdraw the troops until the questions at issue have been decided in the courts.

Fall From the Brooklyn Bridge.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A marine and a sailor, both intoxicated, started to walk across the big Brooklyn bridge. Early this morning officer Britt found them on the promenade near the Brooklyn tower and told them to hurry on as they were disposed to stop and sleep. They went on, and when Britt was relieved soon after he found that the marine on the land span was alone. He told the officer that the sailor had climbed down from the roadway and had been lost sight of. A search was made and the sailor's body was found in the yard at the foot of the tower. The body was covered with blood and dust and it is thought every bone was broken. The body was removed to the bridge station. The marine could not be found and the dead man's name was not learned.

Gunning Accident.

SEYMOUR, Oct. 31.—While Moody Fialar and Lee Kendall, two prominent young farmers of this neighborhood, were quail hunting this morning, Kendall's gun was accidentally discharged and the entire load of shot entered Fialar's left leg, two inches below the knee, making an ugly and very dangerous wound. Fialar is very low from the effects of the shock and loss of blood, and the chances are against his recovery.

JAY GOULD INTERVIEWED.

He Does Not Fear a Panic, and Talks Telegraph.

New York, Oct. 31.—In an interview with a World reporter last night Mr. Jay Gould said there was an arrangement between the Western Union and the postal companies for a twenty-five cent rate between the exchanges in different cities, as for instance between the produce exchange here and the board of trade in Chicago. Outside of this exchange business the opposition company will charge five cents less than the Western Union to important points. The Western Union rate to Chicago will be forty cents, and the other thirty-five cents. This is a reduction of ten cents for the Western Union. It does not go as far as its competitor because it does not feel that it can do business profitably at the lower rate.

There will be no advance in rates except possibly to some very distant points, and on the other hand there will be some very material reductions. Mr. Gould did not think the agitation for government control of the telegraphs was a serious one. He thought the more the matter was looked into the less the government would desire such a change. The system of mutual arrangements between the telegraph company and the railroad for maintenance of wires and offices, which is very economical on both sides, could not continue if the government owned the telegraphs, and consequently the telegraph business would be operated at an enormous yearly deficit. The government telegraph system of England was run at a loss. There is very little water in the Western Union stock now. The so-called water is counter-balanced by investment of earnings in new lines and valuable equipment.

Regarding cable rates, Mr. Gould said nobody was making any money at the current figure. It was difficult to harmize all the conflicting interests, but he presumed some agreement as to cable rates would ultimately be arrived at, as it was not fair to suppose that the companies wished to do business indefinitely at a loss. Mr. Gould did not think the alarm about excessive railroad building and over-speculation in western real estate well founded. The country would soon catch up with any temporary excess of railroad building, and the land speculation had been carried on mostly on local credit. Any collapse would be of limited effect.

He himself had bought no western real estate except a little in St. Louis, where there had been a safe and gradual rise. The Missouri Pacific had no present intention of becoming a transcontinental line. The low price of Missouri Pacific stock was of course due to the Atchison and the St. Louis & San Francisco companies paralleling some of its lines. The recent attack upon it, however, was unjustified. It had no floating debt, had money in the treasury to pay all interest charge, and had built new lines only where there was a paying business in sight. Mr. Gould regarded the business prospects of the country as wholly satisfactory.

An Infernal Machine.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—About 10 o'clock last night a man dressed as a district messenger called at the residence of Mr. James Wechsler, of the firm of Wechsler & Abraham, No. 339 Washington avenue, Brooklyn. A member of the family received a package from him, and the messenger went away. Mr. Wechsler was not at home. Mrs. Wechsler took the package into the parlor and opened it. When the cover was removed there was an explosion. Pieces of wood and metal struck her in the face and on the hands. Her ten-year-old son, who stood near her, was hurt about the face, but not so badly as his mother. Mrs. Wechsler's injuries are severe. The wounds are jagged and there are traces of acid about the mud. Blood poisoning is feared. The infernal machine, whatever it was, had been so blown to pieces that there is no conjecture as to its character. Detectives were put on the case, but had not found the messenger early this morning. A general alarm was sent out for him. Mr. Wechsler is at a loss to know why he has been singled out in this manner for destruction. He said last night that he had no enemies that he knew of who could wish to compass his death.

Detective Killed by an Outlaw.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 31.—Dink Buckalew is an outlaw in Chambers county, convicted of murder. He has been at large a d has made fame by his tricks to avoid arrest and his boldness. At one time he is said to have met in disguise a posse in search of him and conducted them to a place where he informed them Buckalew could be found. A reward of \$400 was offered by the governor for his arrest. A special to the Advertiser from Lafayette says yesterday afternoon two detectives, Scarborough and Brown, went to a house where Buckalew was known to be. As they approached the outlaw shot Scarborough in the neck and head, killing him. Brown went in the house, and fifteen shots were heard between him and Buckalew. Whether both or neither of them were killed is not known, as the place is off in the country. A surgeon has gone to the scene.

Confessed to Forgery.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 31.—All Knox county is astounded over the confession of J. O. Sander, of Knoxville, that he is guilty of forgery. Arthur Taylor was recently arrested on the complaint of J. O. Sander, charged with forging his father's name to a note for \$43. The grand jury ignored the charge, and Taylor began a suit for \$5,000 damages against Sander. Then came the revelation. Mr. Sander confessed to Judge Smith that he himself forged the note for which he had tried to imprison an innocent man. Sander was arrested and held to the grand jury. He is one of the wealthiest men in Knoxville, is president of the school board, and a prominent church member. Some of his friends are of the opinion that Mr. Sander is the victim of insanity.

Gen. Jackson Explains.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 31.—Gen. Henry R. Jackson explains his famous speech of Wednesday by saying that it merely expressed his intense conviction that state sovereignty, or in other words, local self-government, is the great basis of liberty. He therefore said that history would recognize Jefferson Davis and not Abraham Lincoln as the typical American, because the former represented the principle of local self-government, while the latter stood for centralized power. Gen. Jackson disclaimed any idea of disloyalty.